## Safety Data Sheet

Safety Data Sheet (in compliance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 and Regulation (EC) 453/2010)

Date Issued: 6 June 2009 Document Number: 0031130MS Date Revised: 12 Aug 2014 Revision Number: 4

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product Identifier:

Trade Name (as labeled): **Topex® 2% Neutral Sodium Fluoride**Part/Item Number: AD31130, AD31131, AD31132, AD31165

1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against:

Recommended Use: Topical fluoride treatment Restrictions on Use: For professional use only

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet:

Manufacturer/Supplier Name:

Manufacturer/Supplier Address:

Sultan Healthcare
1301 Smile Way
York, PA, USA

Manufacturer/Supplier Telephone Number: 1-201-871-1232 or 800-637-8582

(Product Information)-

Email address: customer.service@sultanhc.com

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number:

Emergency Contact Telephone Number: 800-535-5053 (INFOTRAC)

1-352-323-3500

(Outside the United States – Call Collect)

## 2. HAZARD(s) IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture:

#### **GHS SDS Classification:**

Health	Environmental	Physical
Non-hazardous	Non-Hazardous	Non-Hazardous

EU Classification (1999/45/EC as amended): Not a dangerous preparation

Refer to Section 16 for the full text of the EU Classifications and R Phrases.

## 2.2 Labeling Elements: None Required

#### 2.3 Other Hazards: None

## 3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.2 Mixture

Hazardous Components	C.A.S. # EC#	IUPAC Name	CLP/GHS / EU Classification (1272/2008) (1999/45/EC)	WT %
Titanium Dioxide *	13463-67-7 / 236-675-5	dioxotitanium	Carc 2 H351	proprietary
Sodium Fluoride	7681-49-4 / 231-667-8	Sodium Fluoride	T R25, R36/38, R32 Acute Tox. 3; H301 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Irrit. 2; H315	2.0

<sup>\*</sup> The titanium dioxide in this product is inextricably bound in a manner that no exposure occurs during normal use and handling. Therefore this product is not classified as a carcinogen.

The exact concentration is being withheld as a trade secret.

Refer to Section 16 for the full text of the GHS and H phrases and EU Classifications and R Phrases.

## 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of I	First Aid Measures:
Routes of Exposure	First Aid Instructions
Eye	Flush eyes with large quantities of water several minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Skin	No first aid should be needed. Rinse off with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Inhalation	None needed under normal use conditions
Ingestion	If over normal dose is swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Drink large quantities of water, milk or several ounces of milk of magnesia. Contact poison control.

#### 4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed:

May cause mild eye irritation. May be harmful if large amounts are swallowed.

## 4.3 Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed:

None required under normal conditions of use.

**Note to Physicians (Treatment, Testing, and Monitoring)**: Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and clinical conditions.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

## 5.1 Extinguishing Media

Use media appropriate for surrounding fire.

#### 5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture:

None Known

## **5.3 Advice for Fire-Fighters:**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Cool fire exposed containers and structures with water.

**Precautions for Fire Fighters:** 

Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for all fires involving chemicals.

## **Recommended Protective Equipment for Fire Fighters:**

EYES/FACE	SKIN	RESPIRATORY	THERMAL

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

For large spills, wear eye protection and gloves. Small spills do not require special precautions

## Recommended Personal Protective Equipment for Containment and Clean-up:

EYES/FACE	SKIN	RESPIRATORY	THERMAL

#### **6.2 Environmental Precautions:**

Prevent spill from entering sewers and water courses. Report releases as required by local and national authorities.

## 6.3 Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning up:

Collect using an inert non-combustible absorbent material and place in appropriate containers for disposal.

## 6.4 Reference to Other Sections:

Refer to Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment and Section 13 for Disposal information.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 Precautions for Safe Handing:

Use in accordance with package instructions

## 7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities:

Avoid excessive cold and heat.

**7.3 Specific End Use (s):** For professional use only.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters:		
Titanium Dioxide	United States	15 mg/m3 TWA US OSHA PEL (total dust)
		10 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV
	Germany	1.5 mg/m3 (respirable dust) DFG MAK
	United Kingdom	10 mg/m3 (inhalable) 4 mg/m3 (respirable dust) TWA UK WEL
	France	10 mg/m3 INRS VME
	Spain	10 mg/m3 VLA-ED
	Italy	None Established
	European Union	None Established
Sodium Fluoride (as Fluoride)	United States	2.5 mg/m3 ACGIH TLV TWA
		2.5 mg/m3 US OSHA PEL TWA
	Germany	1 mg/m3 (Inhalable, skin) DFG MAK
	United Kingdom	2.5 mg/m3 TWA UK OEL
	France	2 mg/m3 INRS VME
	Spain	2.5 mg/m3 VLA-ED
	Italy	2.5 mg/m3 8 hr Italy Value Limit
	European Union	2.5 mg/m3 TWA EU IOEL

## **Biological Exposure Limits:**

Sodium Fluoride (as fluorides) - Prior to shift 3 mg/g creatinine; End of shift 10 mg/g creatinine

## 8.2 Exposure controls:

Appropriate Engineering Controls: No special controls required.

## Individual Protection Measures (PPE)

Specific Eye/face Protection: Safety glasses should be worn if contact is likely.

**Specific Skin Protection:** None normally required.

**Specific Respiratory Protection:** None required under normal use conditions.

Specific Thermal Hazards: Not applicable

Recommended Personal Protective Equipment:			
EYES/FACE	SKIN	RESPIRATORY	THERMAL

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties:			
Appearance:	Aqueous gel	Explosive limits:	Not applicable
Odor:	Characteristic of flavor	Vapor pressure:	Not available
Odor threshold:	Not available	Vapor density:	Not available
рН:	6.1-7.1	Relative density:	Not available
Melting/freezing point:	Not available	Solubility:	Partially soluble
Initial boiling point and range:	Not available	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not available
Flash point:	None	Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available
Evaporation rate:	Not available	Decomposition temperature:	Not available
Flammability:	Not flammable	Viscosity:	Not available
<b>Explosive Properties:</b>	None	Oxidizing Properties:	None

**9.2 Other Information:** None available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: Will not polymerize.

10.2 Chemical Stability: Stable.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: None known.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid: None known. .

**10.5** Incompatible materials: Avoid oxidizing agents.

**10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products**: Thermal decomposition may produce carbon and sodium oxides and hydrogen fluoride.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects:

## **Potential Health Effects:**

Eyes: Direct contact may cause mild irritation with redness and tearing.

Skin: No adverse effects are expected.

<u>Ingestion:</u> Swallowing may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Large doses of fluorides can bind with serum calcium resulting in hypocalcemia with toxic effects, including cardiac effects, due to electrolyte imbalance.

Inhalation: None expected from normal use.

<u>Chronic Health Effects:</u> Prolonged overexposure to sodium fluorides may cause fluorosis with symptoms of joint pain, limited mobility, brittle bones, calcification of ligaments, bone and teeth abnormalities and mottled tooth enamel.

<u>Carcinogenicity:</u> A 2-year study in rats found a weak, equivocal fluoride-related increase in the occurrence of osteosarcomas in male rats, and no evidence of carcinogenicity in female rats or male or female mice. The weight of the evidence indicates that fluoridation of water does not increase the risk of developing cancer. IARC has determined that the carcinogenicity of fluoride to humans is not classifiable. Titanium dioxide is listed by IARC as a group 2B carcinogen (possible human carcinogen).

<u>Mutagenicity:</u> Sodium fluoride was negative in the AMES test but was positive a mouse lymphoma cells assay. Sodium fluoride did not induce DNA strand breaks in testicular cells of rats treated in-vivo and did not cause chromosomal aberrations in bone marrow or testicular cells or sister chromatid exchanges in bone marrow cells of mice treated in-vivo.

<u>Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:</u> Employees with pre-existing skin disorders may be at increased risk from exposure.

#### **Acute Toxicity Data:**

Sodium Fluoride: Oral Rat LD50 32 mg/kg Titanium Dioxide: No toxicity data available

Reproductive Toxicity Data: Sodium Fluoride: In a 75 day reproductive study with rats with doses of 4.5 ppm and 9.0 ppm showed a significant decrease in sperm count, sperm motility, sperm viability and sperm function. However, other animal studies, including two-generation studies, have not found alterations in serum hormone levels in male rats, testicular histopathology, sperm morphology, or fertility. None of the available laboratory animal studies examined reproductive toxicity at low fluoride doses. The inadequate human studies and conflicting animal studies do not allow for an assessment of the potential of fluoride to induce reproductive effects in humans. Animal studies have not found increases in the incidences of birth defects in the absence of maternal toxicity; at doses that caused maternal toxicity (decreases in body weight gain and food consumption), increases in abnormalities were found.

## **Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT):**

<u>Single Exposure</u>: Sodium Fluoride: In a human exposure study, adults were given 250 mg. Effects included nausea, vomiting, epigastric distress, salvation and itching of the hands and feet. In an acute study, dogs were infused with an acute dose of 36 mg/kg. Death occurred in less than 65 minutes. Principal effects included a decline in blood pressure, heart rate, central nervous system activity, vomiting and defecation.

Repeated Exposure: Sodium Fluoride: Brain, liver, kidney and muscles demonstrate significant changes in essential trace element levels in adult female mice given 30, 60 and 120 ppm sodium fluoride in drinking water. Rats exposed to sodium fluoride in drinking water for 2 months developed thyroid effects; LOAEL 0.5 mg/kg/day. Mice exposed to sodium fluoride in drinking water for 4 weeks showed increased bone formation. LOAEL 0.8 mg/kg/day.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 12.1 Toxicity:

Sodium Fluoride: 96 hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) 83.7 mg/L, 48 hr EC50 daphnia magna 98 mg/L

- **12.2 Persistence and Degradability:** Biodegradation is not applicable to inorganic substances such as sodium fluoride and titanium dioxide.
- **12.3 Bio-accumulative Potential:** No data is available to evaluate the potential for bioaccumulation of components of this product.
- **12.4 Mobility in Soil:** No data is available.
- 12.5 Other Adverse Effects: Noone Known
- 12.6 Results of PBT/vPvB Assessment: Not required

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## 13.1 Waste Treatment Methods:

Regulations: Dispose in accordance with local and national environmental regulations.

Properties (Physical/Chemical) Affecting Disposal: None known.

Waste Treatment Recommendations: None needed for normal anticipated use.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	14.1 UN	14.2 UN Proper Shipping	14.3	14.4 Packing	14.5 Environmental
	Number	Name	Hazard	Group	Hazards
			Class(s)		
DOT	None	Not Regulated	None	None	No
ADR/RID	None	Not Regulated	None	None	No
IMDG	None	Not Regulated	None	None	Marine Pollutant: No
IATA/ICAO	None	Not Regulated	None	None	No

**14.6 Special precautions for user:** Not applicable

**14.7 Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:** Not applicable – product is transported only in packaged form.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture:

#### **U.S. Federal Regulations**

Comprehensive Environmental Response and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA): This product has an RQ of 50,000 lbs based on the RQ of sodium fluoride of 1,000 lbs present at 2.0%. Many other states have more stringent regulations. Report all spills in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): This product is a drug and not subject to chemical notification requirements.

Clean Water Act (CWA): Not Listed

Clean Air Act (CAA): Not Listed

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III Information:** 

## SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Categories:

Immediate Hazard:	Yes	Pressure Hazard:	No
Delayed Hazard:	Yes	Reactivity Hazard:	No
Fire Hazard:	No		

This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372):

Components	C.A.S. #	WT %
None		

## **State Regulations**

**California:** This product contains the following chemicals(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or reproductive harm:

Components	C.A.S. #	WT %
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	< 5

#### **International Regulations**

**EU REACH:** This product is a medicinal product and not subject to registration requirements.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of Classification abbreviations used in Section 2 and 3:

T Toxic

R25 Toxic if swallowed.

R32 Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin.

Acute Tox. 3 Acute Toxicity Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Irritation Category 2

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye Irritant Category 2

Carc 2 Carcinogen Category 2

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

11317 Causes serious eye initiation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Supersedes: 26 August 2011

Revision Summary: Comprehensive review, new format Date of SDS Preparation/Revision: 12 August 2014

Data Sources: US NLM ChemID Plus and HSDB, Substance SDS for components, IUCLID Dataset EU Chemical Burea ESIS, Country websites for occupational exposure limits.	u,